



Economic Growth Region 9

Statistical Data Report for September 2014, Released October 2014

Regional and State Unemployment (seasonally adjusted)

Regional and state unemployment rates were generally little changed in September. Thirty-one states had unemployment rate decreases from August, eight states had increases, and 11 states and the District of Columbia had no change, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported. Forty-two states and the District of Columbia had unemployment rate decreases from a year earlier, five states had increases, and three states had no change. The national jobless rate declined to 5.9 percent from August and was 1.3 percentage points lower than in September 2013.

Georgia had the highest unemployment rate among the states in September, 7.9 percent. North Dakota again had the lowest jobless rate, 2.8 percent. In total, 16 states had unemployment rates significantly lower than the U.S. figure of 5.9 percent, 10 states and the District of Columbia had measurably higher rates, and 24 states had rates that were not appreciably different from that of the nation.



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Bartholomew, Dearborn, Decatur, Franklin, Jackson, Jefferson, Jennings, Ohio, Ripley, and Switzerland Counties.

Unemployment Rates by State, September 2014 (seasonally adjusted)

U.S. -5.9%
Illinois -6.6%
Indiana -5.7%
Kentucky -6.7%
Michigan -7.2%
Ohio -5.6%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Rank by County, September 2014 (high to low)

#14 - Ohio 5.9%
#24 - Dearborn 5.5%
#25 - Franklin 5.5%
#30- Ripley 5.5%
#31 - Jennings 5.4%
#45 - Jefferson 4.9%
#59 - Decatur 4.6%
#68 - Switzerland 4.5%
#83 - Jackson 4.1%
#90 - Bartholomew 3.8%

Source: Indiana Dept. of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

September 2014 Labor Force Estimates (not seasonally adjusted)

Area	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Sep 2014 Rate	Aug 2014 Rate	Sep 2013 Rate
U.S.	155,903,000	146,941,000	8,962,000	5.7%	6.3%	7.0%
IN	3,228,451	3,062,465	165,986	5.1%	5.5%	6.9%
EGR 9	166,794	158,899	7,895	4.7%	5.1%	6.5%
Columbus MSA	42,482	40,861	1,621	3.8%	4.0%	5.2%
Bartholomew Co.	42,482	40,861	1,621	3.8%	4.0%	5.2%
Dearborn Co.	25,684	24,262	1,422	5.5%	6.0%	7.6%
Decatur Co.	13,330	12,715	615	4.6%	4.9%	6.1%
Franklin Co.	11,386	10,763	623	5.5%	5.6%	7.9%
Jackson Co.	22,005	21,102	903	4.1%	4.5%	5.5%
Jefferson Co.	16,420	15,612	808	4.9%	5.3%	6.6%
Jennings Co.	13,353	12,629	724	5.4%	5.8%	7.6%
Ohio Co.	3,148	2,962	186	5.9%	6.1%	8.1%
Ripley Co.	13,599	12,850	749	5.5%	5.9%	7.4%
Switzerland Co.	5,387	5,143	244	4.5%	4.8%	5.8%
Batesville	3,252	3,102	150	4.6%	4.6%	7.5%
Brookville	1,193	1,123	70	5.9%	5.9%	10.2%
Columbus	23,668	22,773	895	3.8%	4.0%	5.5%
Greensburg	5,977	5,692	285	4.8%	5.3%	6.5%
Lawrenceburg	2,293	2,101	192	8.4%	9.0%	10.1%
Madison	6,501	6,205	296	4.6%	4.7%	5.9%
North Vernon	3,054	2,862	192	6.3%	6.0%	8.1%
Seymour	9,335	8,943	392	4.2%	4.8%	5.9%

State Release Date: 10/21/2014

Source: Indiana Department of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Notes: The data displayed are presented as estimates only. The most recent month's data are always preliminary and are revised when the next month's data are released.

Consumer Price Index (CPI-U Change), Unadjusted Percent Change to September 2014 from:

CPI Item	Sep-13	Aug-14	Sep-13	Aug-14
	Midwest Region*		U.S. City	
All Items	1.6%	0.1%	1.7%	0.1%
Food & Beverages	3.5%	0.4%	2.9%	0.3%
Housing	2.2%	-0.1%	2.6%	0.0%
Apparel	0.8%	3.6%	0.5%	3.7%
Transportation	-0.9%	-0.3%	-0.8%	-0.9%
Medical Care	2.6%	0.2%	2.0%	0.2%
Recreation	-0.1%	-0.1%	0.1%	0.0%
Education & Communication	2.0%	0.2%	1.3%	0.2%
Other Goods & Services	1.0%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%

*Midwest region = Midwest Urban Average. Midwest Region includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota and Wisconsin

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Claims, September 2014

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Initial Claims

Sept 6, 2014 - 116 (D)
Sept 13, 2014 - 78 (D)
Sept 20, 2014 - 70 (D)
Sept 27, 2014 - 103 (D)

Continued Claims

Sept 6, 2014 - 907
Sept 13, 2014 - 867
Sept 20, 2014 - 852
Sept 27, 2014 - 856

Total Claims*

Sept 6, 2014 - 1,023
Sept 13, 2014 - 945
Sept 20, 2014 - 922
Sept 27, 2014 - 959

State of Indiana

Initial Claims

Sept 6, 2014 - 3,572
Sept 13, 2014 - 3,347
Sept 20, 2014 - 3,057
Sept 27, 2014 - 3,572

Continued Claims

Sept 6, 2014 - 22,120
Sept 13, 2014 - 21,793
Sept 20, 2014 - 21,147
Sept 27, 2014 - 20,683

Total Claims*

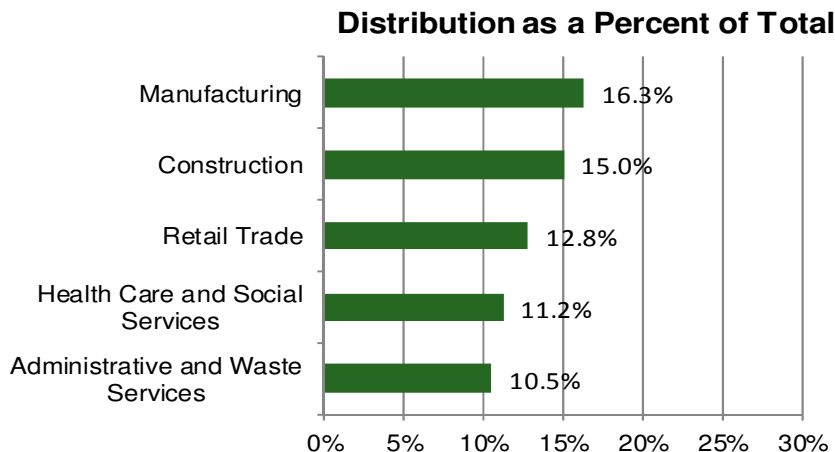
Sept 6, 2014 - 25,647
Sept 13, 2014 - 25,140
Sept 20, 2014 - 24,204
Sept 27, 2014 - 24,210

D' indicates item is affected by non-disclosure issues relating to industry or ownership status.

*Total claims include EUC (Emergency Unemployment Compensation) and EB (State Extended Benefits).

Source: Indiana Dept. of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis

Percentage of Unemployment Claims for Top Five Region 9 Industries, September 2014



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, UI Statistics

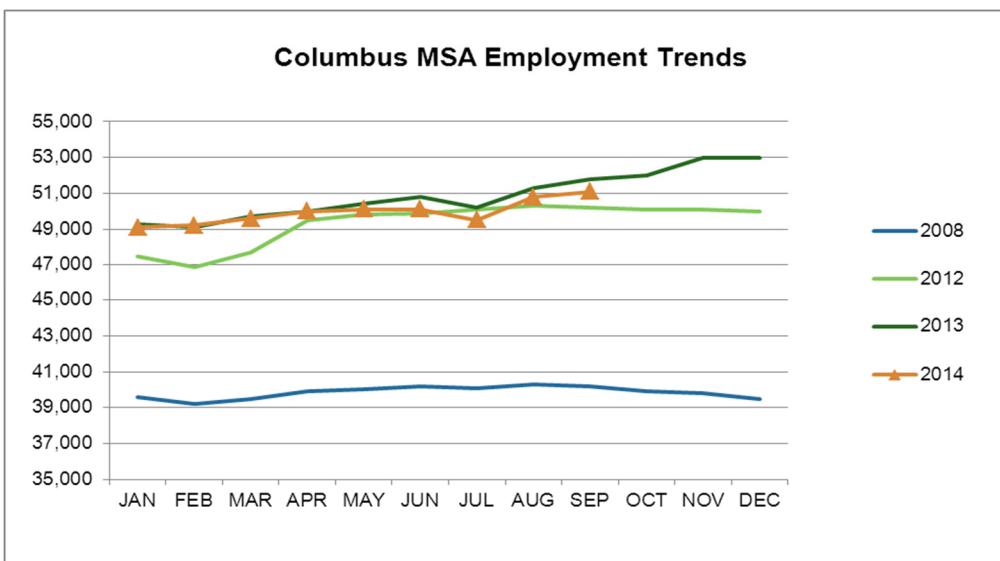
WARN Notices

There are no WARN Notices for September 2014 in EGR 9.

For information on WARN Act requirements, you may go to the U.S. Department of Labor Employment Training Administration Fact Sheet:
<http://www.doleta.gov/programs/factsht/warn.htm>

Columbus Metropolitan Division Wage and Salaried Employment, Sept 2014						
			Number Change	Percent Change	Number Change	Percent Change
Industry	Sep-14	Aug-14	Sep-13	Aug-13 to Sept-14	Sept-13 to Sept-14	
Total Non-farm	51,100	50,800	49,300	300	0.6%	1,800
Total Private	44,900	45,000	43,200	-100	-0.2%	1,700
Goods Producing	20,100	20,200	19,400	-100	-0.5%	700
Service-Providing	31,000	30,600	29,900	400	1.3%	1,100
Private Service Providing	24,800	24,800	23,800	0	0.0%	1,000
Mining, Logging and Construction	1,600	1,600	1,600	0	0.0%	0
Manufacturing	18,500	18,600	17,800	-100	-0.5%	700
Durable Goods	16,800	16,700	16,000	100	0.6%	800
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	7,600	7,700	7,500	-100	-1.3%	100
Retail Trade	4,500	4,600	4,600	-100	-2.2%	-100
Information	500	500	500	0	0.0%	0
Financial Activities	1,300	1,300	1,300	0	0.0%	0
Professional and Business Services	5,700	5,600	5,100	100	1.8%	600
Education and Health Services	4,200	4,100	4,200	100	2.4%	0
Leisure and Hospitality	4,200	4,200	3,900	0	0.0%	300
Other Services	1,300	1,400	1,300	-100	-7.1%	0
Government	6,200	5,800	6,100	400	6.9%	100
Federal Government	200	200	200	0	0.0%	0
State Government	1,200	900	1,200	300	33.3%	0
Local Government	4,800	4,700	4,700	100	2.1%	100
Local Government Educational Services	1,900	1,800	1,900	100	5.6%	0

Source: Indiana Workforce Development, Research & Analysis, Current Employment Statistics



Source: Indiana Workforce Development, Research & Analysis, Current Employment Statistics

Applicant Pool

Top 20 Occupations Desired by Active Applicants on Their Resumes in the Past 12 Months

- 1 Production Workers, All Other -183
- 2 Customer Service Representatives -162
- 3 Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other -150
- 4 Office Clerks, General -129
- 5 Administrative Services Managers -120
- 6 Helpers--Production Workers -91
- 7 Managers, All Other -84
- 8 Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand -79
- 9 Cashiers -76
- 10 Office and Administrative Support Workers, All Other -76
- 11 Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks -73
- 12 Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive -69
- 13 First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers -51
- 14 Accountants -49
- 15 Nursing Assistants -49
- 16 Receptionists and Information Clerks -47
- 17 Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard -47
- 18 Executive Secretaries and Executive Administrative Assistants -43
- 19 Maintenance and Repair Workers, General -42
- 20 Construction Laborers -39

Source: Indiana Department of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect

How has Labor force participation among young moms and dads changed?

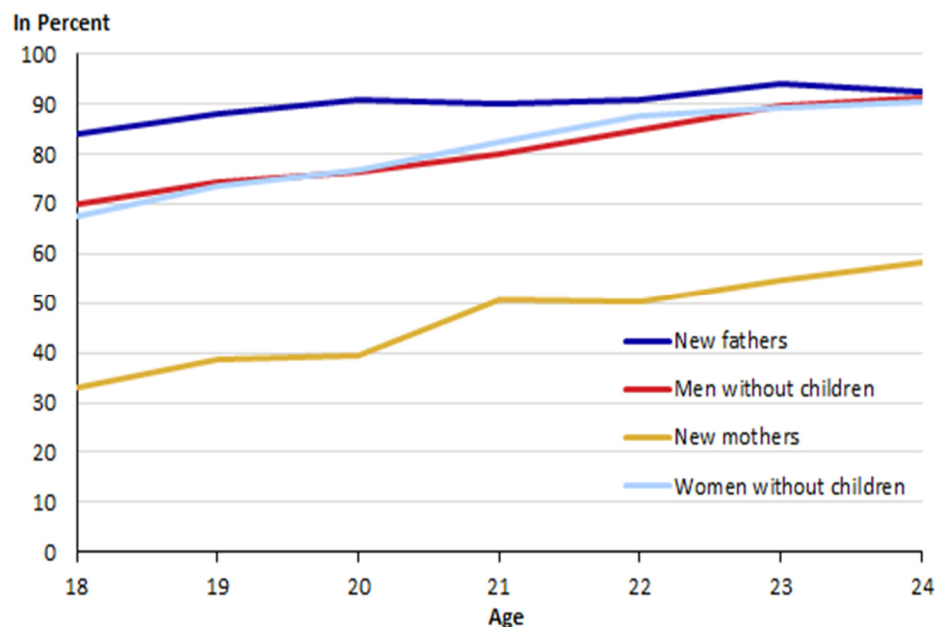
(Excerpt from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Beyond the Numbers, September , 2014)

Source: www.bls.gov/opub/btn/volume-3/how-has-labor-force-participation-among-young-moms-and-dads-changed.htm

Over the past four decades, the labor force has changed dramatically. Women's labor market participation rates have risen, and women are increasingly working throughout their adult lives. One consequence of these changes is that men's and women's roles have been converging, with men taking a more active role at home, doing a greater share of housework and child care, and women spending more time in paid work.

Among women born between 1980 and 1984, labor force participation of new mothers ages 18 to 24 was greater than that of new mothers born between 1957 and 1964. While labor force participation of new mothers was less than that of women without children in both cohorts, the differential was greater for new mothers born between 1957 and 1964.

Percentage of year in labor force (employed or unemployed), by age and parental status, 1979 cohort



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979.

Among women born between 1957 and 1964, new mothers at the age of 18 participated in the labor force about 33 percent of the year, compared with 67 percent for 18-year-old women without children. In contrast, 18-year-old mothers born between 1980 and 1984 participated in the labor force about 50 percent of the year, compared to almost 69 percent of women without children.

Among men born between 1957 and 1964, new fathers at the age of 18 participated in the labor force 84 percent of the year, compared with almost 70 percent for men without children. Among men born between 1980 and 1984, labor force participation was 77 percent for new fathers and almost 67 percent for men without children. Among men and women born between 1957 and 1964, 18-year-old new mothers

Frequently Listed Jobs

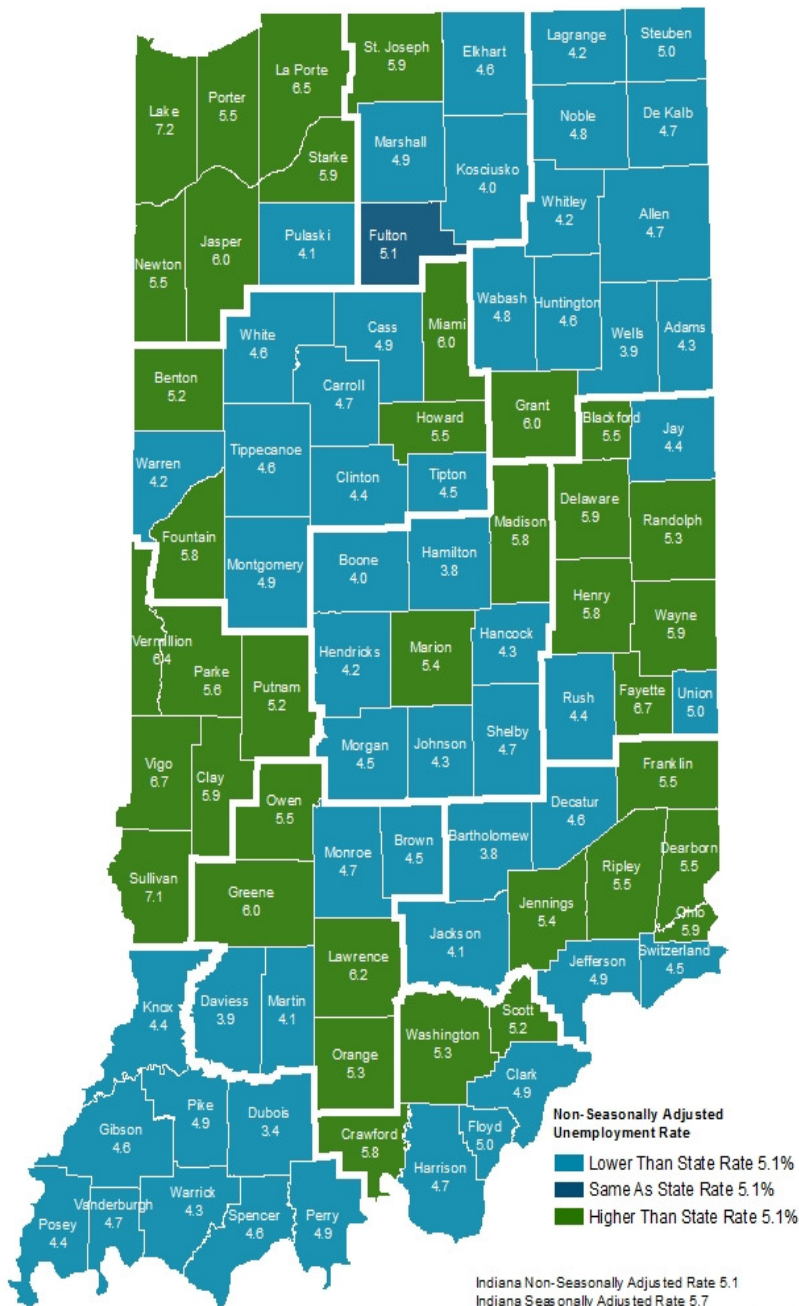
Top 20 Job listings by number of openings in Region 9 for the month of September 2014

- 1 Electrical and Electronics Repairers, Commercial and Industrial Equipment
- 2 Transportation Workers, All Other
- 3 Healthcare Support Workers, All Other
- 4 Manufacturing Production Technicians
- 5 Combined Food
- 6 Food Service Managers
- 7 Home Health Aides
- 8 Mechanical Engineers
- 9 First-Line Supervisors of Housekeeping and Janitorial Workers
- 10 Customer Service Representatives
- 11 Production Workers, All Other
- 12 Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers
- 13 Registered Nurses
- 14 Tellers
- 15 Insurance Sales Agents
- 16 Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners
- 17 Personal Care Aides
- 18 Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners
- 19 Business Operations Specialists, All Other
- 20 Electrical Engineers

Source: Indiana Department of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect

participated in the labor force 33 percent of the year, compared to almost 84 percent for new fathers.

County Unemployment Rates September 2014



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AND ITS **WorkOne** CENTERS

Questions?

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